UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/602,190	06/24/2003	Maria Elena Garcia Armenta	222992	1009
	7590 12/15/200 ' & MAYER, LTD	EXAMINER		
TWO PRUDENTIAL PLAZA, SUITE 4900			WANG, SHENGJUN	
180 NORTH STETSON AVENUE CHICAGO, IL 60601-6731			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1617	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/15/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/602,190	GARCIA ARMENTA ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		

	Shengjun Wang	1617			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appea	rs on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
THE REPLY FILED 18 November 2008 FAILS TO PLACE THIS	APPLICATION IN CONDITION F	OR ALLOWANCE.			
 The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on t application, applicant must timely file one of the following re application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appea for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CF periods: 	ne same day as filing a Notice of eplies: (1) an amendment, affidav al (with appeal fee) in compliance	Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this it, or other evidence, which places the with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request			
a) The period for reply expires 6 months from the mailing date of	f the final rejection.				
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Ad no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire lat Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).	visory Action, or (2) the date set forth er than SIX MONTHS from the mailin). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	g date of the final rejection. E FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO			
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date of have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extered under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shate forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later that may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	nsion and the corresponding amount ortened statutory period for reply orig	of the fee. The appropriate extension fee inally set in the final Office action; or (2) as			
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliation filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with AMENDMENTS	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a			
 .	t main to the data of filling a build				
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but (a) They raise new issues that would require further constitution (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below	sideration and/or search (see NO);	TE below);			
(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in bette appeal; and/or	er form for appeal by materially re-	ducing or simplifying the issues for			
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a converse NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	rresponding number of finally rej	ected claims.			
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	I. See attached Notice of Non-Co	mpliant Amendment (PTOL-324).			
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):	objections to claims 9-11.				
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allo non-allowable claim(s).					
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) \(\sum \) will not be entered, or b) \(\sum \) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:					
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 8-12.					
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE					
8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).					
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to ov showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary. 	ercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea and was not earlier presented. S	al and/or appellant fails to provide a ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).			
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER		·			
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but See Continuation Sheet.		n condition for allowance because:			
12. ☐ Note the attached Information <i>Disclosure Statement</i>(s). (F13. ☐ Other:	PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)				
	/Shengjun Wang/ Primary Examiner, Art U	Jnit 1617			

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: of the reasons set forth in the prior office action. Particularly, In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See In re McLaughlin, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).

Applicant's attention is further directed to KSR vs. Teleflex, where the court states:

"When there is a design need or market pressure to solve a problem and there are a finite number of identified, predictable solutions, a person of ordinary skill has good reason to pursue the known options within his or her technical grasp. If this leads to the anticipated success, it is likely the product not of innovation but of ordinary skill and common sense." The prior art teach that tramadol (an atypical opioid) is known to be used with a NSAID for treatment of pain, and Ketorolac (a NSAID) is known to be used for treatment of with an opioid. One of ordinary skill in the art would have motivated to combine tramadol and ketorolac for treatment of pain with a reasonable expectation of the synergistic benefit known in the art.